FOR CLERK'S USE ONLY

SUPERIOR COURT OF ARIZONA MARICOPA COUNTY

In the Matter of the Guardianship	Case Number:
and Conservatorship of	
·	ORDER TO GUARDIAN(S)
	AND CONSERVATOR(S)
an Adult or a Minor	AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The welfare and best interest of the person named above ("your protected person and your ward") are matters of great concern to this Court. By accepting appointment as guardian and/or conservator you have subjected yourself to the power and supervision of the Court. Therefore, to help avoid problems and to assist you in the performance of your duties, this order is entered. You are required to be guided by it and comply with its provisions as it relates to your duties as guardian of your ward and to your duties as his/her conservator, as follows:

GUARDIAN(S):

- 1. You have powers and responsibilities similar to those of a parent of a minor child, except that you are not legally obligated to contribute to the support of your ward from your own funds.
- 2. Unless the order appointing you provides otherwise, your duties and responsibilities include (but are not limited to) making appropriate arrangements to see that your ward's personal needs (such as food, clothing, and shelter) are met.
- 3. You are responsible for making decisions concerning your ward's educational, social, and religious activities. If your ward is 14 years of age or older, you must take into account the ward's preferences to the extent they are known to you or can be discovered with a reasonable amount of effort.
- You are responsible for making decisions concerning your ward's medical needs. Such decisions include (but are not limited to) the decision to place your ward in a nursing home or other health care facility and the employment of doctors, nurses, or other professionals to provide for your ward's health care needs. However, you are to use the least restrictive means and environment available which meets your ward's needs.
- 5. You may arrange for medical care to be provided even if your ward does not wish to have it. This includes outpatient mental health care and treatment.

Case	No.		

- 6. You may handle small amounts of money or property belonging to your ward without being appointed conservator. As a general rule, "small amount" means that the ward does not receive income (from all sources) exceeding \$5,000.00 per year, does not accumulate excess funds exceeding that amount, and does not own real property. If more than these amounts come into your possession, or are accumulated by you, you are required to petition for the appointment of a conservator.
- **7.** If you handle any money or property belonging to your ward, you have a duty to do each of the following:
 - a. Care for and protect your ward's personal effects;
 - b. Apply any monies you receive for your ward's current support, care, and educational needs;
 - c. Conserve any excess funds not so spent for your ward's future needs;
 - d. Maintain your ward's funds in a separate account, distinct from your own and identified as belonging to the ward;
 - e. Maintain records of all of the ward's property received and expended during the period of the guardianship;
 - f. Account to your ward or your ward's successors at the termination of the guardianship, if requested; and,
 - g. You are not to purchase, lease, borrow, or use your ward's property or money for your benefit or anyone else's without prior court approval.
- **8.** You shall not accept any remuneration of any kind for placing your ward in a particular nursing home or other care facility, using a certain doctor, or using a certain lawyer. "Remuneration" includes, but is not necessarily limited to, direct or indirect payments of money, "kickbacks", gifts, favors, and other kinds of personal benefits.
- 9. You will need to obtain a certified copy of the letters which are issued to you by the Clerk of the Superior Court. Your certified copy is proof of your authority to act as guardian of your ward, and you should have it available when acting on behalf of your ward. You may need to obtain additional (or updated) copies from time to time for delivery to, or inspection by, the people with whom you are dealing.
- 10. You are required to report annually, in writing, with respect to your ward's residence, physical and mental health, whether there still is a need for a guardian, and (if there is no conservator) your ward's financial situation. Your report is due each year on the anniversary date of your appointment. In addition to sending copies to the other persons named in the statute, you are directed to provide a copy of your annual report with the Presiding Judge of the Probate Department of this Court.
- 11. You must be conscious at all times of the needs and best interest of your ward. If the circumstances which made a guardianship necessary should end, you are responsible for petitioning to terminate the guardianship and obtaining your discharge as guardian. Even if the guardianship should terminate by operation of law, you will not be discharged from your responsibilities until you have obtained an order from this Court discharging you.
- 12. If you should be unable to continue with your duties for any reason, you and <u>your</u> guardian or conservator must petition the Court to accept your resignation and appoint a successor. If you should die, your personal representative or someone acting on your behalf must advise the Court and petition for the appointment of a successor.

GCP

Case	No.	

- 13. If you have <u>any</u> questions about the meaning of this order <u>or</u> the duties which it and the statutes impose upon you by reason of your appointment as guardian, you should consult an attorney or petition the Court for instructions.
- 14. If you are now, or in the future, become guardian for more than two persons who are not related to you by blood or marriage, you must advise the Court of that fact and provide the Court with such information as it may require. With respect to each such appointment, you must advise the Court in writing of at least the following: (a) the name and address of the court that appointed you, (b) the case number, and (c) the name and address of your ward.

If you have been granted authority to consent to inpatient mental health treatment for the ward, the following additional duties and obligations apply:

- 1. You are additionally responsible for making decisions concerning your ward's mental health needs, including the decision to place your ward in a mental health treatment facility.
- 2. The court has granted you the authority to place the ward in a level one mental health treatment facility for inpatient mental health treatment. This means that you have the authority to admit the ward for inpatient mental health treatment. With that authority goes certain legal responsibilities which include:
 - a. You must seek the advice and assistance of qualified mental health professionals in determining your ward's needs for care and treatment, the degree of rehabilitation possible, and the best possible placement for your ward.
 - b. You must choose the care and treatment that is most suitable for your ward, taking into account the ward's needs and preferences, which will allow your ward to achieve the maximum possible degree of rehabilitation or recovery.
 - c. In making placement decisions, you must first seek alternatives to hospitalization. You should give due regard to the first preference of allowing the ward to live at home with family or friends, and to the second preference of placement in a mental health treatment facility close to home in an environment less restrictive than a hospital. Inpatient hospitalization should be your last resort.
 - d. Within forty-eight hours after placement of the ward in an inpatient treatment facility, the guardian must give notice of this action to the ward's attorney.
 - e. The inpatient behavioral health treatment facility is required to assess the appropriateness of the ward's placement in the facility every thirty days and provide a copy of the assessment report to the ward's attorney. You need to assure that this assessment is timely completed and that the assessment report is mailed to the ward's attorney.
 - f. When the ward is admitted to a level one behavioral health treatment facility, you must provide the facility with the name, address and telephone number of the ward's attorney. The facility shall include this information in the ward's treatment record.
 - g. You must place the ward in the least restrictive treatment alternative within ten days after you are notified by the medical director of the inpatient facility that the ward no longer needs inpatient

Case No.	
----------	--

care. If you cannot arrange alternative placement within that period of time after discussion with the medical director, or if you and the medical director disagree about the feasibility or availability of alternative placement, either you or the medical director, or both of you may request the Court to hold a hearing on the matter. If you request a hearing, the Court will set a hearing on the matter.

3. YOUR AUTHORITY TO ADMIT THE WARD TO A LEVEL ONE BEHAVIORAL HEALTH FACILITY FOR INPATIENT MENTAL HEALTH CARE IS LIMITED TO ONE YEAR. Unless the Court orders the continuation of your inpatient mental health treatment authority for another year, your power to admit the ward for inpatient mental health treatment will lapse on the anniversary of your appointment. If you want the inpatient placement authority to continue, you must request continuance of that authority by filing with your "Annual Report of Guardian" an evaluation report prepared by a psychiatrist or psychologist explaining the ward's current need for inpatient mental health care and treatment. If no evaluation report is filed or if the evaluation report states that the ward is not currently in need of inpatient mental health treatment, your authority to consent to inpatient mental health care will cease. You must send a copy of your "Annual Report of Guardian" and the evaluation report to the ward's attorney. You should file the "Annual Report of Guardian" and evaluation report at least 30 days prior to the expiration date of your authority.

The ward through his or her attorney has a right to challenge your request for renewal of your authority to consent to inpatient mental health treatment. Any objection to your request must be filed within ten business days of the filing of your "Annual Report of Guardian" and evaluation report. The court must hold a hearing within thirty calendar days after it receives the objection. Your inpatient mental health treatment authority continues pending the court's ruling on the issue. At the hearing, you have the burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence that the ward is currently in need of inpatient mental health care and treatment.

If you are requesting renewal of your authority to consent to inpatient mental health care, in addition to the ward's attorney, you must send a copy of your "Annual Report of Guardian" and the evaluation report to the medical director of the mental health treatment facility or agency responsible for the ward's care and treatment. If your ward is in the Arizona State Hospital, you should send a copy of the "Annual Report of Guardian" and the evaluation report to: Medical Director, Arizona State Hospital, 2500 E. Van Buren, Phoenix, AZ 85008.

Should your authority to consent to inpatient mental health care cease, you still have the authority to consent to psychiatric and psychological care and treatment, including the administration of psychotropic medications, if the care and treatment takes place outside a level one behavioral health facility licensed by the department of health services.

CONSERVATOR(S):

- 1. Immediately locate, identify and inventory all of the assets of the protected person and make proper arrangements for their protection, such as changing the locks on the house, renting a safe deposit box for important documents, etc.
- 2. File your formal Inventory with the Court no more than 90 days after your appointment as conservator. If you are filing it without an attorney, be sure to put the case name and number on <u>all</u> papers you file with the Court.

Case No.	
----------	--

- Immediately begin to take title to all of the protected person's property. The property should be titled in the name of the conservatorship: (Your name) as Conservator(s) of the estate of (Protected Person's Name), or (Protected Person's name by your name), Conservator. Do not put the protected person's funds into joint accounts, trust accounts ("in trust for"), or payable on death (POD) accounts. Do not list yourself as beneficiary on any bank accounts or other assets belonging to the protected person.
- **4.** Keep detailed records of <u>all</u> receipts and expenditures you make on behalf of the protected person, including bills, receipts, bank statements, tax returns, bills of sale, promissory notes, etc. Open a separate conservatorship checking account for deposit of your protected person's income and other receipts, and payment of his/her bills and expenses. Avoid dealing in cash.
- **5.** Establish a budget, pay the protected person's debts when they become due, and properly invest the protected person's assets. You may hire accountants, attorneys and other advisors to help you carry out your duties as the size and the extent of the conservatorship estate may dictate.
- **6.** Keep detailed records of the time you are spending in identifying, managing and protecting the conservatorship estate in case you later decide to ask the Court to be paid for your time from the conservatorship estate.
- **7.** Record certified copies of your "Letters of Conservatorship" with the County Recorder in each county where the protected person owns property in order to protect title to those properties.
- **8.** If the Court has ordered you to place funds in a restricted account, you must immediately file a receipt from the bank or financial institution showing that you have deposited the money in an account which the bank has restricted in accordance with the Court order. The receipt should include the name and address of the financial institution, the type of account, the account number and the amount deposited.
- **9.** File an annual accounting with the Court no later than one year from the date you were appointed (and each year on the anniversary date of your appointment) showing everything the protected person owned when you were appointed; all sums and property received since your appointment itemized by date, source, purpose and amount; and all expenditures made since your appointment, itemized by date, payee, purpose and amount; and the balance on hand at the end of the accounting period.
- **NEVER** use any of the protected person's money or property for any reason other than the protected person's direct benefit. You may not profit in any way from access to the protected person's assets. You have a legal duty of undivided loyalty to the protected person. Neither you, your friends, nor other family members may profit by dealing in the assets of the conservatorship estate. You must be cautious and prudent in investing the protected person's assets.
- 11. You must not make speculative investments. Do not purchase merchandise or services which the protected person would have considered extravagant or inappropriate for his/her lifestyle prior to your appointment. Use the assets to maintain the safety, health and comfort of the protected person, bearing in mind that the protected person may have no additional sources of income for the remainder of his/her life.

|--|

- **12.** All conservatorships terminate on the death of the protected person, the depletion of his/her conservatorship estate or upon the minor protected person's reaching 18 years of age. Court proceedings and a final accounting are **required** before you can be discharged as conservator and your bond exonerated (canceled).
- **13.** If you have any questions as to your duties as a conservator, contact an attorney who handles conservatorships **before** taking any action.

THIS IS ONLY AN OUTLINE OF <u>SOME</u> OF YOUR DUTIES AS GUARDIAN(S) AND CONSERVATOR(S). IT IS <u>YOUR</u> RESPONSIBILITY TO OBTAIN PROPER LEGAL ADVICE ABOUT YOUR DUTIES. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY RESULT IN PERSONAL FINANCIAL LIABILITY FOR ANY LOSSES.

RELATING TO GUARDIANS AND CONSERVA OFFICE AND OTHER PENALTIES. IN SOME	S OF THIS COURT AND THE STATUTORY PROVISIONS ATORS MAY RESULT IN YOUR REMOVAL FROM CIRCUMSTANCES, YOU MAY BE HELD IN CONTEMPT PUNISHED BY CONFINEMENT IN JAIL, FINE, OR
DATED:	Judge/Commissioner
	RSIGNED ACKNOWLEDGES RECEIVING A COPY OF BY ITS PROVISIONS, WHETHER OR NOT HE OR SHE
	OR SHE IS GUARDIAN(S) AND CONSERVATOR(S).
Signature of Guardian and Conservator	Date Signed
Signature of Guardian and Conservator	Date Signed